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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1           1.     A composition comprising a preselected polypeptide capable of participating  
2                   in an activity, said preselected polypeptide having at least a first and a second  
3                   position the relative proximities of which are capable of changing in relation  
4                   to the activity of said preselected polypeptide, said composition comprising  
5                   said preselected polypeptide or a fragment thereof and having at least a first  
6                   and a second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptide located in the  
7                   amino acid backbone of said composition proximal to said first and second  
8                   positions, respectively, wherein said relative proximities of said positions in  
9                   said composition are capable of changing in relation to the activity of said  
10                  composition.

1           2.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said activity is selected from the group  
2                   consisting of intramolecular interactions, intermolecular interactions,  
3                   interaction with a ligand, interaction with a substrate, change in dielectric  
4                   constant, change in pH, change in protein folding, post-translational  
5                   modification, and modification of a residue.

1           3.     The composition of claim 2 wherein said modification of a residue is selected  
2                   from the group consisting of phosphorylation and dephosphorylation.

- 1           4.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said preselected polypeptide is a protein  
2                   kinase or a protein kinase substrate.
- 1           5.     The composition of claim 4 wherein said protein kinase substrate is Crk-II.
- 1           6.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said first interacting proximity-sensor  
2                   peptide is at the N-terminus, the C-terminus of which is peptide-bonded to the  
3                   N-terminus of said preselected polypeptide or fragment thereof, the C-  
4                   terminus of which is peptide bonded to the N-terminus of said second  
5                   interacting proximity-sensor peptide.
- 1           7.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said preselected polypeptide is  
2                   recombinant.
- 1           8.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said preselected polypeptide has an N-  
2                   terminal cysteine and a C-terminal "thioester."
- 1           9.     The composition of claim 1 wherein said at least two interacting proximity-  
2                   sensor peptides comprise a FRET pair.
- 1           10.    The composition of claim 9 wherein said FRET pair is selected from the group  
2                   consisting of fluorescein and tetramethylrhodamine, IAEDANS and

fluorescein, EDANS and DABCYL, BODIPY fluorescein and BODIPY  
fluorescein,  $\beta$ -phycoerythrin and CY5, and pyrene and coumarin.

11. The composition of claim 10 wherein said FRET pair is tetramethylrhodamine  
and fluorescein.

12. The composition of claim 1 wherein said interacting proximity-sensor peptide  
is a synthetic oligopeptide comprising a fluorescent amino acid derivative.

13. The composition of claim 1 as set forth in Figure 5A (SEQ ID No:8).

14. The composition of claim 1 comprising a third interacting proximity-sensor  
peptide.

15. A method for measuring changes in the relative proximity between at least a  
first position and a second position in a preselected polypeptide, said  
polypeptide capable of participating in an activity, said changes related to the  
activity of said polypeptide, comprising the steps of:

- (a) providing the composition of claim 1;
- (b) subjecting said composition to conditions inducing said  
activity; and

(c) measuring said changes in relative proximity of said first and second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptides in said composition.

16. The method of claim 15 wherein said conditions inducing said activity are selected from the group consisting of exposing said composition to a substrate, exposing said composition to a ligand, exposing said composition to a binding partner, exposing said composition to conditions in which said composition is acted upon by an enzyme, post-translational modification, change in pH, change in dielectric constant, and change in protein folding.

17. The method of claim 16 wherein said measuring said changes is performed by a method selected from the group consisting of fluorescence spectroscopy, nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, electron spin resonance spectroscopy, ultraviolet/visible spectroscopy, and extent of cross-linking by cross-linking agents.

18. A method for identifying an agent capable of modulating the activity of a preselected polypeptide, said polypeptide capable of participating in an activity, said activity detectable by changes in the relative proximity among at least a first position and at least a second position in said preselected polypeptide, comprising the steps of:

- 6 (a) providing the composition of claim 1;
- 7 (b) subjecting said composition to conditions inducing said activity
- 8 in the presence and absence of said agent;
- 9 (c) measuring said changes in relative proximity of said first and
- 10 second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptides in said
- 11 composition in the presence and absence of said agent; and
- 12 (d) identifying said agent affecting said changes as capable of
- 13 modulating said activity.

1 19. The method of claim 18 wherein said activity is a consequence of

2 intramolecular interactions, intermolecular interactions, interaction with a

3 ligand, interaction with a substrate, change in dielectric constant, change in

4 pH, change in protein folding, post-translational modification, or modification

5 of a residue.

1 20. The method of claim 19 wherein said post-translational modification is

2 phosphorylation and dephosphorylation.

1 21. The method of claim 18 wherein said preselected polypeptide is a protein

2 kinase or a protein kinase substrate.

1 22. The method of claim 21 wherein said protein kinase substrate is Crk-II.

- 1           23.    The method of claim 18 wherein said first interacting proximity-sensor peptide  
2                   is at the N-terminus, the C-terminus of which is peptide-bonded to the N-  
3                   terminus of said recombinant portion, the C-terminus of which is peptide  
4                   bonded to the N-terminus of said second interacting proximity-sensor peptide.
- 1           24.    The method of claim 18 wherein said preselected polypeptide is recombinant.
- 1           25.    The method of claim 18 wherein said polypeptide has an N-terminal cysteine  
2                   and a C-terminal <sup>a</sup>thioester.
- 1           26.    The method of claim 18 wherein said at least two interacting proximity-sensor  
2                   peptides comprise a FRET pair.
- 1           27.    The method of claim 26 wherein said FRET pair is selected from the group  
2                   consisting of fluorescein and tetramethylrhodamine, IAEDANS and  
3                   fluorescein, EDANS and DABCYL, BODIPY FL fluorescein and BODIPY  
4                   fluorescein,  $\beta$ -phycoerythrin and CY5, and pyrene and coumarin.
- 1           28.    The method of claim 27 wherein said FRET pair is tetramethylrhodamine and  
2                   fluorescein.

1           29.    The method of claim 18 wherein each of said interacting proximity-sensor  
2           peptides is a synthetic oligopeptide comprising a fluorescent amino acid  
3           derivative.

1           30.    A method for preparing a composition comprising a preselected polypeptide  
2           capable of communicating changes in the relative proximity among at least  
3           one first position and at least one second position in said preselected  
4           polypeptide, said polypeptide capable of participating in an activity, said  
5           changes related to the activity of said preselected polypeptide, comprising the  
6           steps of:

7                   (a)    providing at least a first interacting proximity-sensor peptide  
8                   and a second interacting proximity-sensor peptide, each of said  
9                   peptides having a detectably interacting proximity-sensitive  
10                  moiety present therein, said moieties capable of communicating  
11                  changes in said relative proximity;

12                  (b)    providing at least one recombinant polypeptide or portion of  
13                  said preselected polypeptide, said recombinant portion having  
14                  an N-terminal cysteine, a C-terminal "thioester, or the  
15                  combination thereof;

16                  (c)    ligating said at least one recombinant polypeptide or portion  
17                  thereof and said at least first and second interacting proximity-  
18                  sensor peptides into an amino acid backbone at said first



19 position and at least one second position to provide a  
20 composition comprising said preselected polypeptide, such that  
21 in said composition said relative proximities of said positions  
22 of said second interacting proximity-sensor peptides are  
23 capable of changing in relation to the activity of said  
24 composition.

1 31. The method of claim 30 wherein said interacting proximity-sensor peptide has  
2 an N-terminal cysteine, a C-terminal  $\alpha$ thioester, or the combination thereof.

1 32. The method of claim 30 wherein said amino acid backbone is comprises a first  
2 interacting proximity-sensor peptide at the N-terminus, the C-terminus of  
3 which is peptide-bonded to the N-terminus of said recombinant portion, and  
4 the C-terminus of which is peptide bonded to the N-terminus of said second  
5 interacting proximity-sensor peptide.

1 33. The composition shown in Figure 5A (SEQ ID No:8).

1 34. A method for measuring changes in the relative proximity between at least a  
2 first position and a second position in Crk-II, said changes related to the  
3 activity of Crk-II, comprising the steps of:

4 (a) providing the composition of SEQ ID No:8;

- 5 (b) subjecting said composition to conditions inducing said  
6 activity; and  
7 (c) measuring said changes in relative proximity of said first and  
8 second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptides in said  
9 composition.

1 35. The method of claim 34 wherein said conditions inducing said activity is  
2 phosphorylation and dephosphorylation.

1 36. The method of claim 35 wherein said phosphorylation and dephosphorylation  
2 is induced by c-Abl or the epidermal growth factor receptor.

1 37. The method of claim 34 wherein said measuring said changes is performed by  
2 fluorescence spectroscopy.

1 38. A method for identifying an agent capable of modulating the activity of Crk-II  
2 or modulating the activity of a protein kinase capable of phosphorylating Crk-  
3 II, said activity detectable by changes in the relative proximity among at least  
4 a first position and at least a second position in Crk-II, comprising the steps of:

- 5 (a) providing the composition of SEQ ID No:8;  
6 (b) subjecting said composition to conditions inducing said activity  
7 in the presence and absence of said agent;

8 (c) measuring said changes in relative proximity of said first and  
9 second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptides in said  
10 composition in the presence and absence of said agent; and  
11 (d) identifying said agent affecting said changes as capable of  
12 modulating said activity.

1 39. The method of claim 38 wherein said phosphorylation and dephosphorylation  
2 is induced by c-Abl or the epidermal growth factor receptor.

1 40. A method for identifying an agent capable of modulating the activity of a  
2 protein kinase target, or modulating the activity of a protein kinase capable of  
3 phosphorylating said target, said activity detectable by changes in the relative  
4 proximity among at least a first position and at least a second position in said  
5 target, comprising the steps of:

6 (a) providing a target composition comprising said preselected  
7 polypeptide or a fragment thereof, and having at least a first  
8 and a second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptide  
9 located in the amino acid backbone of said composition  
10 proximal to said first and second positions, respectively,  
11 wherein said relative proximities of said positions in said  
12 composition are capable of changing in relation to the activity  
13 of said composition;

- 14 (b) subjecting said composition to conditions inducing said activity  
15 in the presence and absence of said agent;  
16 (c) measuring said changes in relative proximity of said first and  
17 second detectably interacting proximity-sensor peptides in said  
18 composition in the presence and absence of said agent; and  
19 (d) identifying said agent affecting said changes as capable of  
20 modulating said activity.

1 41. The method of claim 40 wherein said protein kinase is c-Abl or epidermal  
2 growth factor receptor.

1 42. The method of claim 40 wherein said protein kinase target is Crk-II.

1 43. The method of claim 40 wherein said first interacting proximity-sensor peptide  
2 is at the N-terminus, the C-terminus of which is peptide-bonded to the N-  
3 terminus of said recombinant portion, the C-terminus of which is peptide  
4 bonded to the N-terminus of said second interacting proximity-sensor peptide.

1 44. The method of claim 40 wherein said preselected polypeptide is recombinant.

2  
3 45. The method of claim 40 wherein said polypeptide has an N-terminal cysteine  
4 and a C-terminal <sup>35</sup>S-thioester.

- 1           46.    The method of claim 40 wherein said at least two interacting proximity-sensor  
2                    peptides comprise a FRET pair.
- 1           47.    The method of claim 46 wherein said FRET pair is selected from the group  
2                    consisting of fluorescein and tetramethylrhodamine, IAEDANS and  
3                    fluorescein, EDANS and DABCYL, BODIPY FL fluorescein and BODIPY  
4                    fluorescein,  $\beta$ -phycoerythrin and CY5, and pyrene and coumarin.
- 1           48.    The method of claim 47 wherein said FRET pair is tetramethylrhodamine and  
2                    fluorescein.
- 1           49.    The method of claim 40 wherein each of said interacting proximity-sensor  
2                    peptides is a synthetic oligopeptide comprising a fluorescent amino acid  
3                    derivative.
- 1           50.    The composition shown in SEQ ID No:9.